OTTIC FILE COPY





SPH-4 Helmet Retention Assembly Reinforcement



By
Ronald W. Palmer
J. L. Haley, Jr.

Biodynamics Research Division

July 1988

38 11 09 070

United States Army Aeromedical Research Laboratory Fort Rucker, Alabama 36362-5292

AD-A200 432

Notice

<u>Qualified</u> requesters

Qualified requesters may obtain copies from the Defense Technical Information Center (DTIC), Cameron Station, Alexandria, Virginia 22314. Orders will be expedited if placed through the librarian or other person designated to request documents from DTIC.

Change of address

Organizations receiving reports from the U.S. Army Aeromedical Research Laboratory on automatic mailing lists should confirm correct address when corresponding about laboratory reports.

<u>Disposition</u>

Destroy this document when it is no longer needed. Do not return it to the originator.

Disclaimer

The views, opinions, and/or findings contained in this report are those of the author(s) and should not be construed as an official Department of the Army position, policy, or decision, unless so designated by other official documentation. Citation of trade names in this report does not constitute an official Department of the Army endorsement or approval of the use of such commercial items.

Reviewed:

DANIEL W. GOWER, JI

MAJ, MS

Director, Biodynamics Research

Division

JU D. LaMOTHE, Ph.D.

COL, MS

Chairman, Scientific Review Committee Released for publication:

DAVID H. KARNEY

Colonel, MC Commanding

		TION O	

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE					Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188		
1a. REPORT SECURITY CLASSIFICATION			1b. RESTRICTIVE MARKINGS				
UNCLASS							
28. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY			3. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY OF REPORT				
2b. DECLASSIFICATION / DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE				Public rel	ease; distr	ibution	unlimited
4. PERFORMIN	IG ORGANIZATI	ON REPORT NUMBE	R(S)	5. MONITORING	ORGANIZATION	REPORT NUN	ABER(S)
İ	Report No.						
6a. NAME OF	PERFORMING (ORGANIZATION	6b. OFFICE SYMBOL	7a. NAME OF MONITORING ORGANIZATION			
U.S. Arı	ny Aeromed	ical Research	(if applicable) SGRD-UAD-IE	11 C A Vo	44 1 . D		D1
Laborate			SGRD-UAU-IE	U.S Army Me Command	,		Development
6c. ADDRESS	(City, State, and	l ZIP Code)		7b. ADDRESS (City, State, and ZIP Code)			
P.O. Box	k 577			Fort Detric	k, Frederic	k, MD 2	1701-5012
Fort Ruc	eker, AL	36362-5292					
8a. NAME OF FUNDING/SPONSORING 8b. OFFICE SYMBOL (If applicable)			9. PROCUREMENT INSTRUMENT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER				
Sc. ADDRESS (City, State, and	7/9 (nda)		10. SOURCE OF	ELIAIDING ALLIAGE	:DC	
OC. ADDRESS (City, state, and	zir (ode)		PROGRAM	PROJECT	TASK	WORK UNIT
				ELEMENT NO.	NO.	NO.	ACCESSION NO.
				62787A	3E162787A8	378 AG	138
SPH-4 helmet retention assembly reinforcement (U) 12. PERSONAL AUTHOR(S) Ronald W. Palmer and J. L. Haley, Jr. 13a. TYPE OF REPORT Final FROM TO 14. DATE OF REPORT (Year, Month, Day) 15. PAGE COUNT 1988, July 16. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTATION							
17.	COSATI C	ODES	18. SUBJECT TERMS (Cantinua an saus	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	al identific be	, black aumbach
FIELD	GROUP	SUB-GROUP	/ >		•	•	
/ 23	04	300-011001	helmet, reten	tion system,	life suppo	rt equip	ment, chinstrap
1 23	05		i I		liste aw	e cloth	ing. (SDIO)
The purpose of a helmot's retention assembly is to keep the helmet firmly and securely in place on the wearer's head, thus preventing the exposure of the cranium to direct impact. The standard SPH-4 retention assembly is prone to excessive clongation under stress, and allows excessive helmet displacement and cranium exposure. A modified SPH-4 retention assembly, reinforced with 0.75-inch tubular nylon webbing, was manufactured in this laboratory and tested quasi-statically on a testing machine which exerted a force at a constant speed. A standard SPH-4 retention assembly was also tested as a control. The reinforced retention assembly withstood a 450-lb load without failure. Elongation of the reinforced retention assembly, measured at 300-lb load, was almost 50 percent less than that of the standard retention assembly measured at the same load.							
EUNCLASSIFIED/UNLIMITED SAME AS RPT. DTIC USERS UNCLASSIFIED							
	RESPONSIBLE			22b. TELEPHONE (4	
Chief, S	cientific	Information (Center	(205) 255-	6907	SGRD-	UAX-SI

Table of contents

1	Page
List of figures	2
Introduction	3
Methods	3
Materials	8
Results	8
Discussion	10
Conclusions	11
Recommendation	11
References	12
List of equipment manufacturers	13

Accesion For]
NTIS CRASI (C) DIG TAB (C) CONTROL AND (C) CONTROL AND (C)	
	(m
A 17. 5 0 1 189	
100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	
A-1	



List of figures

Figu	re	Page
1.	Reinforced retention assembly	. 5
2.	Reinfcrced retention assembly as installed in an SPH-4 helmet with ANSI Z-90.1 simulated "chin" loading device	. 6
3.	Standard retention assembly as installed in an SPH-4 helmet sustaining the load from a simulated "chin"	. 7
4.	Comparison of the SPH-4 helmet displacement from the head when restrained by a standard and a reinforced retention system	. 9
5.	Failure of the left, forward retention tab stitching in the standard retention assembly	. 10

Introduction

The importance of a helmet's retention system is equal to the importance of its protective covering in providing protection to its wearer. A helmet that is exposed to the impact forces that occur in an accident can be displaced by these forces or, possibly, come off the head entirely, thereby exposing the cranium to direct impact. A helmet with adequate impact protection structure that displaces or does not remain on the head will not provide the protection against the initial or secondary impacts that occur in many rotary-wing accidents.

The SPH-4 flight helmet, with the stronger double-snap chinstrap, does not come off the head easily as is revealed by our Aviation Life Support Equipment Retrieval Program (ALSERP), but the excessive elongation of the retention harness (chinstrap and naperear cloth assembly) permits excessive cranium exposure. A new experimental helmet retention test, using a humanoid head and neck attached to a pendulum, also has revealed excessive rotation of the SPH-4 helmet so that the forward blow of the helmet rests on the chin in some simulated "crashes" (Gruver and Haley, 1987). Also, it previously has been reported that retention assembly failure is a significant factor in those cases in which helmet loss occurs (Reading, et al., 1984).

This report will show how the existing SPH-4 retention harness can be reinforced to reduce by 50 percent the stretch of the harness. It is obvious that stiffening the chinstrap and adjacent harness will reduce upward displacement of the helmet when the head is pitched violently forward in an accident. By reducing upward displacement, the degree to which the helmet will displace on the head (forward and backward) also will be reduced, thereby maintaining the protective covering of the head.

Methods

A reinforced retention assembly (Figure 1) was made by removing the retention tabs from a standard SPH-4 retention assembly and stitching 0.75-in. tubular nylon webbing along both sides of each earcup. The thread used was Nymo UVR, size EE, nylon monocord,* which has a strength of 15.5 lbs. Fourteen

^{*} See Appendix

stitches per inch were sewn. The upper ends of the webbing extended beyond the upper edge of the retention assembly by 1.75 inches. These extensions were grommeted and they provided the points of attachment to the helmet shell, taking the place of the original retention tabs. The webbing on the left rearward side extended 1.5 inches beyond the lower edge of the retention assembly and had two D-rings sewn into its end. The webbing on the right rearward side extended 13 inches beyond the lower edge and formed the chinstrap. No snaps were used. The chinstrap anchor points were located 1 inch to the rear of the original anchor points, as seen in Figures 1a and 1b. However, an impromptu fit test indicated the standard SPH-4 geometry should have been used in regard to the location of the chinstrap anchor points. The reinforced retention assembly weighed 0.22 1b as opposed to the standard retention assembly (including chinstrap) which weighed 0.24 1b.

Two standard, extra-large size SPH-4 helmets were used in the test. One helmet (Figure 2) contained the webbing-reinforced retention assembly and the other (Figure 3) contained the standard SPH-4 retention assembly. The retention assemblies were tested quasistatically on a testing machine which exerted a downward force at a constant speed.



la. Left side view



1b. Right side view



1c. Front view

1d. Rear view

Figure 1. Reinforced retention assembly.



Figure 2. Reinforced retention assembly as installed in an SPH-4 helmet with ANSI Z-90.1 simulated "chin" loading device.



Figure 3. Standard retention assembly as installed in an SPH-4 helmet sustaining the load from a simulated "chin."

Materials

The testing machine used in this experiment was the Tinius-Olsen Locap* testing machine. A 600-pound Revere load cell* was used. The rate of loading was 1.5 inches per minute.

Results

The results are depicted in Figure 4. The reinforced retention assembly did not fail under a load of 450 lb. Deflection was 2.1 in. The reinforced retention assembly was not stressed to failure; however, slight fraying around the grommet of the left, forward retention tab (extension) was seen. Initially, the standard retention assembly failed at 250 lb. However, after the test it was noted that the left, forward retention tab had not been stitched in accordance with MIL-H-43925 because the stitching extended approximately half way across the width of the retention tab. Another retention assembly was tested and loaded to 400 lb with a deflection of 3.2 inches when failure occurred in the left, forward retention tab, as shown in Figure 5.

Deflections of the reinforced and standard retention assemblies, measured at 300 lb loads, were compared and the reinforced retention assembly was shown to have stretched 45 percent less than the standard retention assembly.

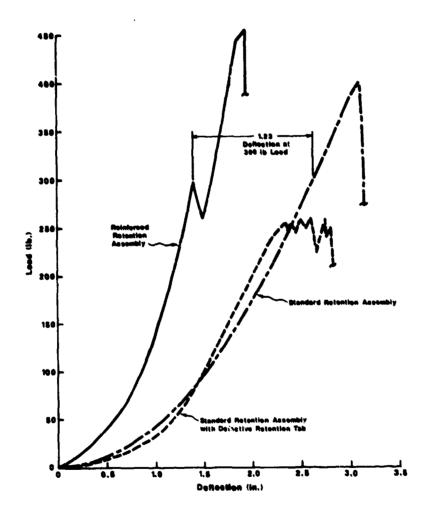


Figure 4. Comparison of the SPH-4 helmet displacement from the head when restrained by a standard and a reinforced retention system.



Figure 5. Failure of the left, forward retention tab stitching in the standard retention assembly.

Discussion

All retention assemblies tested either failed or showed slight fraying at the left, forward retention tab, an indication that the test method produced an uneven load distribution among the four retention tabs. Current military specifications for the SPH-4 require that the retention assembly be able to withstand a load of 300 lb which is equivalent to 75 lb per retention tab. The results of this study indicate retention tab failure will occur if the standard SPH-4 retention assembly is subjected to an unequally distributed load, not an unusual event in accidents. Both of the failures observed in this test were due to failure of the retention tab stitching.

The reinforced retention assembly stretched much less than the standard retention assembly. This performance was due to three factors. First, by stitching the tubular nylon webbing longitudinally along the entire length of the retention assembly, the lead is distributed directly to the retention material surrounding the earcups and to the chin of the user. This is in contrast to the standard retention assembly in which load is concentrated at four points. Second, each webbing strap was secured to the retention assembly by two parallel

rows of stitching which made the assembly resistant to stitching failure. Third, because the nylon tubular webbing is less elastic than the cloth which surrounds the earcups, the reinforced retention assembly stretches far less than the standard retention assembly which results in reduced deflection under stress.

The effect of excessive chinstrap deflection cannot be overemphasized. Prior helmet retention testing on the U.S Army Aeomedical Research Laboratory pendulum (dynamic) tester revealed the excessive movement of the standard SPH-3 and SPH-4 helmets by comparison to the HGU-33 and HGU-54 helmets (Gruver and Haley, 1987).

Conclusions

- 1. The standard SPH-4 retention assembly easily can be modified so that it can withstand loads up to 450 lb.
- 2. Such a modification eliminates retention tab stitching failure and distributes the load over a greater, continuous area.
- 3. Modification of the standard retention assembly in this way causes the assembly to stretch less when under load and, thus, facilitates helmet retention.
- 4. Modification of the standard retention assembly in this way will prevent premature retention assembly failure during uneven loading.

Recommendation

Recommend further development and field evaluation of the reinforced retention system to determine its suitability for use in the SPH-4 helmet.

References

- Gruver, D. M. and Haley, J. L. 1987. <u>Development of a test</u>
 method for evaluating the effectiveness of Helmet Retention
 Systems. U.S. Army Aeromedical Research Laboratory.
 USAARL Letter Report. In press.
- Reading, T. E., Haley, J. L., Jr., Sippo, A. C., Licina, J. R., and Schopper, A. W. 1984. SPH-4 U.S. Army flight helmet performance 1972-1983. Fort Rucker, AL: U.S. Army Aeromedical Research Laboratory. USAARL 85-1.

Appendix

List of equipment manufacturers

Belding Corticelli Thread Company 1430 - T Broadway New York, NY 10018

Tinius Olsen Testing Machine Company, Inc. Easton Road, Box 429 Willow Grove, PA 19090

Initial distribution

Commander

U.S. Army Natick Research and Development Center ATTN: Documents Librarian Natick, MA 01760

Naval Submarine Medical Research Laboratory Medical Library, Naval Sub Base Box 900 Groton, CT 05340

Commander/Director
U.S. Army Combat Surveillance
& Target Acquisition Lab
ATTN: DELCS-D
Fort Monmouth, NJ 07703-5304

Commander
10th Medical Laboratory
ATTN: Audiologist
APO NEW YORK 09180

Commander
Naval Air Development Center
Biophysics Lab
ATTN: G. Kydd
Code 60B1
Warminster, PA 18974

Naval Air Development Center Technical Information Division Technical Support Detachment Warminster, PA 18974

Dr. E. Hendler Human Factors Applications, Inc. 295 West Street Road Warminster, PA 18974

Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering ATTN: Military Assistant for Medical and Life Sciences Washington, DC 20301 Commander
U.S. Army Research Institute
of Environmental Medicine

Natick, MA 01760

U.S. Army Avionics Research and Development Activity ATTN: SAVAA-P-TP Fort Monmouth, NJ 07703-5401

U.S. Army Research and Development Support Activity Fort Monmouth, NJ 07703

Chief, Benet Weapons Laboratory LCWSL, USA ARRADCOM ATTN: DRDAR-LCB-TL Watervliet Arsenal, NY 12189

Commander
Man-Machine Integration System
Code 602
Naval Air Development Center
Warminster, PA 18974

Commander Naval Air Development Center ATTN: Code 6021 (Mr. Brindle) Warminster, PA 18974

Commanding Officer
Naval Medical Research
and Development Command
National Naval Medical Center
Bethesda, MD 20014

Director Army Audiology and Speech Center Walter Reed Army Medical Center Washington, DC 20307-5001 COL Franklin H. Top, Jr., MD Walter Reed Army Institute of Research Washington, DC 20307-5100

HQ DA (DASG-PSP-0) Washington, DC 20310

Naval Research
Laboratory Library
Code 1433
Washington, DC 20375

Harry Diamond Laboratories
ATTN: Technical Information Branch
2800 Powder Mill Road
Adelphi, MD 20783-1197

U.S. Army Materiel Systems
Analysis Agency
ATTN: Reports Processing
Aberdeen proving Ground
MD 21005-5017

U.S. Army Ordnance Center and School Library Building 3071 Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21005-5201

U.S. Army Environmental Hygiene Agency Laboratory Building E2100 Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010

Technical Library Chemical Research and Development Center Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5423 Commander
U.S. Army Institute
of Dental Research
Walter Reed Army Medical Center
Washington, DC 20307-5300

Naval Air Systems Command Technical Air Library 950D Rm 278, Jefferson Plaza II Department of the Navy Washington, DC 20361

Naval Research Laboratory Library Shock and Vibration Information Center, Code 5804 Washington, DC 20375

Director
U.S. Army Human Engineering Laboratory
ATTN: Technical Library
Aberdeen Proving Ground,
MD 21005-5001

Commander
U.S. Army Test
and Evaluation Command
ATTN: AMSTE-AD-H
Aberdeen Proving Ground,
MD 21005-5055

Director
U.S. Army Ballistic
Research Laboratory
ATTN: DRXBR-OD-ST Tech Reports
Aberieen Proving Ground,
MD 21005-5066

Commander
U.S. Army Medical Research
Institute of Chemical Defense
ATTN: SGRD-UV-AO
Aberdeen Proving Ground,
MD 21010-5425

Commander
U.S. Army Medical Research
and Development Command
ATTN: SGRD-RMS (Ms. Madigan)
Fort Detrick, Frederick, MD 21701

Commander
U.S. Army Medical Research
Institute of Infectious Diseases
Fort Detrick, Frederick,
MD 21701

Director, Biological Sciences Division Office of Naval Research 600 North Quincy Street Arlington, VA 22217

Commander
U.S. Army Materiel Command
ATTN: AMCDE-S (CPT Broadwater)
5001 Eisenhower Avenue
Alexandria, VA 22333

Commandant
U.S. Army Aviation
Logistics School
ATTN: ATSQ-TDN
Fort Eustis, VA 23604

U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command ATTN: ATCD-ZX Fort Monroe, VA 23651

Structures Laboratory Library USARTL-AVSCOM
NASA Langley Research Center
Mail Stop 266
Hampton, VA 23665

Naval Aerospace Medical Institute Library Bldg 1953, Code 102 Pensacola, FL 32508

Command Surgeon
U.S. Central Command
MacDill Air Force Base
FL 33608

Air University Library (AUL/LSE)
Maxwell AFB, AL 36112

Commander
U.S. Army Medical Bioengineering
Research and Development Lab
ATTN: SGRD-UBZ-I
Fort Detrick, Frederick,
MD 21701

Defense Technical Information Center Cameron Station Alexandria, VA 22313

U.S. Army Foreign Science
 and Technology Center
ATTN: MTZ
220 7th Street, NE
Charlottesville, VA 22901-5396

Director, Applied Technology Laboratory USARTL-AVSCOM ATTN: Library, Building 401 Fort Eustis, VA 23604

U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command ATTN: Surgeon Fort Monroe, VA 23651-5000

Aviation Medicine Clinic TMC #22, SAAF Fort Bragg, NC 28305

U.S. Air Force Armament
Development and Test Center
Eglin Air Force Base, FL 32542

U.S. Army Missile Command
Redstone Scientific
Information Center
ATTN: Documents Section
Redstone Arsenal, AL 35898-5241

U.S. Army Research and Technology
 Labortories (AVSCOM)
Propulsion Laboratory MS 302-2
NASA Lewis Research Center
Cleveland, OH 44135

AFAMRL/HEX Wright-Patterson AFB. OH 45433

University of Michigan
NASA Center of Excellence
in Man-Systems Research
ATTN: R. G. Snyder, Director
Ann Arbor, MI 48109

John A. Dellinger, MS, ATP University of Illinois-Willard Airport Savoy, IL 61874

Project Officer Aviation Life Support Equipment ATTN: AMCPO-ALSE 4300 Goodfellow Blvd. St. Louis, MO 63120-1798

Commander
U.S. Army Aviation
Aviation Systems Command
ATTN: DRSAV-ED
4300 Goodfellow Blvd
St. Louis, MO 63120

Commanding Officer
Naval Biodynamics Laboratory
P.O. Box 24907
New Orleans, LA 70189

U.S. Army Field Artillery School ATTN: Library Snow Hall, Room 14 Fort Sill, OK 73503

Commander
U.S. Army Health Services Command
ATTN: HSOP-SO
Fort Sam Houston, TX 78234-6000

U.S. Air Force Institute of Technology (AFIT/LDEE) Building 640, Area B Wright-Patterson AFB, OH 45433

Henry L. Taylor
Director, Institute of Aviation
University of IllinoisWillard Airport
Savoy, IL 61874

Commander
U.S. Army Aviation
Systems Command
ATTN: DRSAV-WS
4300 Goodfellow Blvd
St. Louis, MO 63120-1798

Commander
U.S. Army Aviation
Systems Command
ATTN: SGRD-UAX-AL (MAJ Lacy)
4300 Goodfellow Blvd., Bldg 105
St. Louis, MO 63120

U.S. Army Aviation
Systems Command
Library and Information
Center Branch
ATTN: DRSAV-DIL
4300 Goodfellow Blvd
St. Louis, MO 63120

Federal Aviation Administration Civil Aeromedical Institute CAMI Library AAC 64D1 P.O. Box 25082 Oklahoma City, OK 73125

Commander
U.S. Army Academy
of Health Sciences
ATTN: Library
Fort Sam Houston, TX 78234

Commander
U.S. Army Institute
of Surgical Research
ATTN: SGRD-USM (Jan Duke)
Fort Sam Houston, ** 78234-6200

Director of Professional Services AFMSC/GSP Brooks Air Force Base, TX 78235

U.3. Army Dugway Proving Ground Technical Library Bldg 5330 Dugway, UT 84022

U.S. Army Yuma Proving Ground Technical Library Technical Library Yuma, AZ 85364

AFFTC Technical Library 6520 TESTG/ENXL Edwards Air Force Base, CAL 93523-5000

Commander Code 3431 Naval Weapons Center China Lake, CA 93555

Aeromechanics Laboratory
U.S. Army Research
and Technical Labs
Ames Research Center,
M/S 215-1
Moffett Field, CA 94035

Sixth U.S. Army ATTN: SMA Presidio of San Francisco, CA 94129

Commander U.S. Army Aeromedical Center Fort Rucker, AL 36362

Directorate
of Combat Developments
Bldg 507
Fort Rucker, AL 36362

U.S. Air Force School
of Aerospace Medicine
Strughold Aeromedical Library
Documents Section, USAFSAM/TSK-4
Brooks Air Force Base, TX 78235

Dr. Diane Damos
Department of Human Factors
ISSM, USC
Los Angeles, CA 90089-0021

U.S. Army White Sanás Missile Range Technical Library Division White Sands Missile Range, NM 88002

U.S. Army Aviation Engineering Flight Activity ATTN: SAVTE-M (Tech Lib) Stop 217 Edwards Air Force Base, CA 93523-5000

U.S. Army Combat Developments
Experimental Center
Technical Information Center
Bldg 2925
Fort Ord, CA 93941-5000

Commander
Letterman Army Institute
of Research
ATTN: Medical Research Library
Presidio of San Francisco,
CA 94129

Director Naval Biosciences Laboratory Naval Supply Center, Bldg 844 Oakland, CA 94625

Commander
U.S. Army Aviation Center
and Fort Rucker
ATTN: ATZQ-CDR
Fort Rucker, AL 36362

Directorate
of Training Development
Bldg 502
Fort Rucker, AL 36362

Chief Army Research Institute Field Unit Fort Rucker, AL 36362

The state of the s

Commander U.S. Army Safety Center Fort Rucker, AL 36362

U.S. Army Aircraft Development Test Activity ATTN: STEBG-MP-QA Cairns AAF Fort Rucker, AL 36362

Chief
Defence and Civil Institute
of Environmental Medicine
P.O. Box 2000
ATTN: Director MLSD
Downsview, Ontario Canada M3M 3B9

Staff Officer, Aerospace Medicine RAF Staff, British Embassy 3100 Massachusetts Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20008

Canadian Society
of Aviation Medicine
c/o Academy of Medicine, Toronto
ATTN: Ms. Carment King
288 Bloor Street West
Toronto, Canada M55 1V8

Canadian Forces
Medical Liaison Officer
Canadian Defence Liaison Staff
2450 Massachusetts Avenue, NW
Washington, DC 20008

Officer Commanding
School of Operational
and Aerospace Medicine
DCIEM P.O. Box 2000
1133 Sheppard Avenue West
Downsview, Ontario, Canada M3M 3B9

Chief
Human Engineering Laboratory
Field Unit
Fort Rucker, AL 36362

Commander
U.S. Army Aviation Center
and Fort Rucker
ATTN: ATZQ-T-ATL
Fort Rucker, AL 36362

President U.S. Arry Aviation Board Cairns AAF Fort Rucker, AL 36362

USA Medical Liaison Officer U.S. Embassy Box 54 ATTN: USADO-AMLO FPO New York 09509

HQ, Department of the Army Office of The Surgeon General British Medical Liaison Officer DASG-ZX/COL M. Daly 5109 Leesburg Pike Falls Church, VA 22401-3258

Canadian Airline Pilot's
Association
MAJ (Retired) J. Soutendam
1300 Steeles Avenue East
Brampton, Ontario, Canada L6T 1A2

Commanding Officer 404 Squadron CFB Greenwood Greenwood, NS, Canada BOP 1N0

National Defence Headquarters 101 Colonel By Drive ATTN: DPM Ottawa, Ontario, Canada K1A 0K2 Commanding Officer Headquarters, RAAF Base Point Cook Victoria, Australia 3029

Netherlands Army Liaison Office Buildingg 602 Fort Rucker, AL 36362

British Army Liaison Office Building 602 Fort Rucker, AL 36362 Canadian Army Liaison Office Building 602 Fort Rucker, AL 36362

German Army Liaison Office Buildingg 602 Fort Rucker, AL 36362

French Army Liaison Office Building 602 Fort Rucker, AL 36362